3. Kampagowda Institute of Medical Sciences, Bangalore.

III. The following medical colleges have been approved/recognised temporarily for a period of three years from the passing out of the first batch:—

1. Rural Medical College, Loni, Maharashtra.

2. Medical College Trichur, Kerala.

IV. The following Medical Colleges have been recognised upto the period indicated below:

1. Siddhartha Medical College, Vijawada	Temporary recognised up to 1988.
2. Patliputra Medical College, Dhanbad	Temporary recognished/approved upto 30-4-1982.
3. University College of Medical Sciences, New Delhi	Temporary recognised upto 1985.
4. Guru Gobind Singh Medical College Faridkot	Temporary recognised/approved upto 30-4-1987.

Construction of CGHS Building in Laxmi Nagar

2521. SHRI CHATURANAN MISHRA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 729 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 25th July, 1989 and state:

(a) whether Government are aware that construction work has started on the said plot allotted for construction of CGHS dispensary in Laxmi Nagar for fire brigade building and a Barat Ghar;

(b) if so, the steps being taken to stop such activities on the plot and start constructing the CGHS building; and

(c) by when CGHS building construction work is likely to start and by when it is likely to be completed?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI RAFIQUE ALAM): (a) C.P.W.D. has intimated that a fire fighting tank is being constructed the said plot.

(b) and (c). The matter has been taken up with concerned authorities.

Criteria for Change in the date of Birth of Central Government Employees

2522. SHRI ASHWANI KUMAR: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the policy and criteria adopted by the Union Government in regard to change in the date of birth of Central Government employees in their service record;

(b) the number and the details of such cases of Central Government employees belonging to Central Secretariat Service, CSSS, etc. received or referred to his Ministry during the last three years ending December, 1987 giving the basis on which change in date of birth was sought;

(c) the number and details of cases accepted, giving the basis of acceptance, case-wise; and

(d) the number and details of cases rejected, giving reasons for rejection, case-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) Instructions relating to alteration of date of birth recorded in the Service Book of a Government servant are given in Note 5 below

Fundamental Rule 56 and alteration can be made with the sanction of the Government subject to fulfilment of the conditions prescribed therein. The details in this regard are indicated in the statement enclosed. (*See* below)

(b) to (d) Information about the number and details of cases of Central Government employees received and accepted or rejected by the Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances & Pensions during the years 1985-87 is not centrally available in this Ministry.

Statement

..Instructions for altering the date of birth of Central Government employees as recorded in their Service Book

Note 5 below Fundamental Rule 56—

"NOTE 5.—The date on which a Government servant attains the age of fifty-eight years or sixty years, as the case may be, shall be determined with reference to the date of birth declared by the Government servant at the time of appointment and accepted by the appropriate authority on production, as far as possible, of confirmatory documentary evidence such as High School or Higher Secondary or Secondary School Certificate or extracts from Birth Register. The date of birth so declared by the Government servant and accepted by the appropriate authority shall not be subject to any alteration except as specified in this note. An alteration of date of birth of a Government servant can be made, with the sanction of a Ministry or Department of the Central Government, or the Comptroller and Auditor General in regard to persons serving in the Indian Audit and Accounts Department or an administrator of a Union Territory under which the Government servant is serving, if—

(a) a request in this regard is made within five years of his entry into Government service;

(b) it is clearly established that a genuine bona-fide mistake has occurred; and

(c) the date of birth so altered would not make him ineligible to appear in any School or University or Union Public Service Commission examination in which he had appeared, or for entry into Government service on the date on which he first appeared at such examination or on the date on which he entered Government service."

Private Individuals/Retired Government Officials to conduct Departmental Enquiries

2523. SHRI ASHWANI KUMAR: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether private individuals or retired Government officials can be asked to conduct departmental enquiries as per the CCS(CCA) Rules, 1965 and the Government instructions issued thereunder against delinquent officials working in Central Government/public undertakings;

(b) if not, whether it is a fact that some private individuals or retired Government officials have been entrusted with conducting departmental enquiries against the employees of Central Government public undertakings; if so, the details thereof; and

(c) what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) In terms of Rule 14(2) of the Central Civil Services (Classification, Control & Appeal) Rules, 1965 and instructions issued thereunder, from time to time, the Disciplinary Authority can itself inquire into, or appoint under this Rule or under the provision of the Government Servants (Enquiries) Act, 1850, as the case may be, an Authority to enquire into the truth of imputation of misconduct or misbehaviour against a Government servant. Wherever it is not possible to have a full time Inquiry Officer and there is no suitable Office among the existing staff to conduct an inquiry, Ministries/Departments can engage retired Government servants of proven integrity or retired Judges as Inquiry Officers in individual cases.